# organic compounds

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# 2-Amino-5-oxo-4-phenyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-4*H*-chromene-3-carbonitrile

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 298 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.004 Å; R factor = 0.045; wR factor = 0.114; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.9.

In the title molecule,  $C_{16}H_{14}N_2O_2$ , the fused cyclohexene and pyran rings adopt an envelope and a flattened boat conformation, respectively. In the crystal,  $N-H\cdots N$  and  $N-H\cdots O$  hydrogen bonds link the molecules into corrugated sheets parallel to the *bc* plane.

### **Related literature**

For the biological activities of substituted pyran derivatives, see: Lokaj *et al.* (1990); Marco *et al.* (1993). For the crystal structure of a related compound, see: Tu *et al.* (2001).



a = 20.210 (2) Å

b = 8.8161 (5) Å

c = 16.3862 (13) Å

#### Experimental

Crystal data  $C_{16}H_{14}N_2O_2$  $M_r = 266.29$ 

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$M_r = 266.29$	
Monoclinic, C2/c	

 $\beta = 99.537 (1)^{\circ}$   $V = 2879.2 (4) \text{ Å}^3$  Z = 8Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD area-detector diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996) T<sub>min</sub> = 0.974, T<sub>max</sub> = 0.988

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$  $wR(F^2) = 0.114$ S = 0.812535 reflections

 $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.11 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ 

 $\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ 

 $0.32 \times 0.21 \times 0.15 \text{ mm}$ 

7077 measured reflections

2535 independent reflections

1083 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 

H-atom parameters constrained

T = 298 K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.063$ 

182 parameters

 $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.12 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^-$ 

Table 1	_	
Hydrogen-bond geometry	(Å, '	°).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D-\mathrm{H}$	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
$N1 - H1A \cdots N2^{i}$ $N1 - H1B \cdots O2^{ii}$	0.86 0.86	2.16 2.00	3.007 (3) 2.848 (2)	170 169
Summer at my and any (i)		1. 2. (3)	2 - 1	

Symmetry codes: (i) -x, -y + 1, -z + 2; (ii) x, -y + 2,  $z + \frac{1}{2}$ 

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *XP* in *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CV5040).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o832 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811008130]

## 2-Amino-5-oxo-4-phenyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-4H-chromene-3-carbonitrile

## X. Wang

## Comment

Much interest has recently been paid to the design of polyfunctionalized substituted pyran derivatives, owing to their wide range of biological activities (Lokaj *et al.*, 1990; Marco *et al.*, 1993). We obtained the title compound, (I), and report here its crystal structure.

In (I) (Fig. 1), the bond lengths and angles of the main molecule are normal and correspond to those observed in 2amino-7,7-dimethyl- 5-oxo-4-phenyl-5,6,7,8-tetra- hydro-4*H*-chromene-3-carbonitrile (Tu *et al.*, 2001). The fused cyclohexene and pyran rings adopt an envelope and a flattened bath conformations, respecteviley. The dihedral angle between the O1/C1/C2/C5/C6 and C2/C4/C5 planes is 16.67 (14) °. The O1/ C1/C2/C5/C6 plane forms an angle of 89.01 (8)° with the phenyl plane. In the crystal, the nitrile group is typical [N=C = 1.146 (3) Å] and the carbonyl group also is reasonable [C=O =1.228 (3) Å]. The C5/C6/C7/C8/C9/C10 plane also adopt an chair configuration in the compound, and the the dihedral angle between the C5/C6/C7/C9/C10 plane and the C7/C8/C9 plane is 46.14 (3)°.

In the crystal structure, there exist typical intermolecular N—H···O and N—H···N hydrogen bonds (Table 1). The amino N1 atom of one molecule links through H1B to the nitrile N2 atom of another molecule, creating a dimer. The amino N1 atom of one molecule also links through H1A to the keto O2 atom of another molecule to form the two-dimensional framework.

## Experimental

Malononitrile (10 mmol), 1,3-cyclohexanedione (10 mmol),and benzaldehyde(10 mmol)was dissolved in 20 ml e thanol ml in a round-bottom flask. The mixture was warmed, with agitation, to 353 K over a period of 3 h. The resulting solution was cooled. Crystal of (I) suitable for X-ray diffraction analysis were obtained by slow evaporation.

### Refinement

All H atoms were placed in geometrically idealized positions (N—H 0.86 and C—H 0.93–0.98 Å) and treated as riding on their parent atoms, with  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$  (C,N).

### **Figures**



Fig. 1. View of (I) showing the atomic numbering and 30% probability displacement ellipsoids.

# 2-Amino-5-oxo-4-phenyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-4H-chromene-3-carbonitrile

Crystal data	
$C_{16}H_{14}N_2O_2$	F(000) = 1120
$M_r = 266.29$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.229 {\rm ~Mg} {\rm ~m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, C2/c	Mo <i>K</i> $\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
a = 20.210 (2)  Å	Cell parameters from 851 reflections
<i>b</i> = 8.8161 (5) Å	$\theta = 2.5 - 19.1^{\circ}$
c = 16.3862 (13)  Å	$\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = 99.537 (1)^{\circ}$	<i>T</i> = 298 K
$V = 2879.2 (4) \text{ Å}^3$	Block, red
Z = 8	$0.32 \times 0.21 \times 0.15 \text{ mm}$

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD area-detector diffractometer	2535 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	1083 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
graphite	$R_{\rm int} = 0.063$
$\phi$ and $\omega$ scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.0^\circ, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.0^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)	$h = -24 \rightarrow 17$
$T_{\min} = 0.974, \ T_{\max} = 0.988$	$k = -10 \rightarrow 10$
7077 measured reflections	$l = -19 \rightarrow 19$

### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.114$	$w = 1/[\sigma^{2}(F_{o}^{2}) + (0.0454P)^{2}]$ where $P = (F_{o}^{2} + 2F_{c}^{2})/3$
<i>S</i> = 0.81	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
2535 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.12 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
182 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.11 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	Extinction correction: <i>SHELXL97</i> (Sheldrick, 2008), Fc <sup>*</sup> =kFc[1+0.001xFc <sup>2</sup> $\lambda^3$ /sin(2 $\theta$ )] <sup>-1/4</sup>
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct	Extinction coefficient: 0.0017 (2)

methods

### Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
01	0.10075 (8)	0.98207 (19)	1.01594 (9)	0.0666 (5)
C1	0.07153 (12)	0.8416 (3)	1.00139 (16)	0.0571 (7)
C5	0.09662 (11)	1.0170 (3)	0.87111 (15)	0.0550(7)
C2	0.05849 (11)	0.7806 (3)	0.92527 (13)	0.0501 (6)
N1	0.05983 (10)	0.7810(2)	1.07271 (11)	0.0759 (7)
H1A	0.0419	0.6926	1.0729	0.091*
H1B	0.0703	0.8305	1.1182	0.091*
C4	0.08060 (11)	0.8555 (3)	0.85109 (13)	0.0549 (7)
H4	0.0427	0.8528	0.8053	0.066*
O2	0.08103 (10)	1.0779 (2)	0.73126 (12)	0.0897 (7)
C10	0.09649 (13)	1.1227 (3)	0.80287 (19)	0.0686 (8)
C11	0.13891 (14)	0.7707 (3)	0.82384 (15)	0.0569 (7)
C3	0.02554 (13)	0.6406 (4)	0.91435 (14)	0.0586 (7)
C6	0.10774 (12)	1.0700 (3)	0.94811 (17)	0.0604 (7)
N2	-0.00226 (12)	0.5272 (3)	0.90338 (13)	0.0839 (8)
C7	0.12867 (14)	1.2263 (3)	0.97399 (16)	0.0790 (8)
H7A	0.1622	1.2225	1.0237	0.095*
H7B	0.0903	1.2825	0.9865	0.095*
C9	0.11266 (18)	1.2848 (4)	0.82299 (19)	0.1061 (11)
H9A	0.0712	1.3400	0.8232	0.127*
H9B	0.1346	1.3279	0.7799	0.127*
C16	0.13116 (16)	0.6985 (3)	0.74839 (18)	0.0867 (9)
H16	0.0904	0.7056	0.7127	0.104*
C8	0.15751 (17)	1.3064 (3)	0.9057 (2)	0.1100 (12)
H8A	0.1621	1.4139	0.9181	0.132*
H8B	0.2018	1.2663	0.9029	0.132*
C12	0.19982 (16)	0.7600 (3)	0.87459 (18)	0.0894 (10)
H12	0.2064	0.8083	0.9258	0.107*
C15	0.1828 (2)	0.6155 (4)	0.7246 (3)	0.1201 (14)
H15	0.1766	0.5667	0.6736	0.144*
C14	0.2420 (2)	0.6057 (5)	0.7757 (3)	0.1254 (17)
H14	0.2767	0.5492	0.7600	0.150*
C13	0.25165 (18)	0.6783 (5)	0.8505 (3)	0.1215 (14)
H13	0.2930	0.6727	0.8850	0.146*

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(A^2)$ 

# Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
01	0.0811 (13)	0.0612 (12)	0.0571 (11)	-0.0126 (10)	0.0103 (9)	0.0013 (10)
C1	0.0571 (17)	0.0574 (18)	0.0580 (17)	-0.0072 (14)	0.0135 (14)	0.0012 (15)
C5	0.0524 (16)	0.0553 (18)	0.0593 (17)	0.0015 (13)	0.0151 (13)	0.0061 (15)
C2	0.0532 (16)	0.0537 (17)	0.0443 (15)	-0.0037 (13)	0.0104 (12)	-0.0004 (13)
N1	0.1060 (19)	0.0758 (16)	0.0488 (13)	-0.0279 (13)	0.0216 (13)	-0.0051 (12)
C4	0.0530 (16)	0.0653 (18)	0.0462 (15)	-0.0032 (14)	0.0073 (12)	0.0070 (13)
02	0.1089 (16)	0.0947 (16)	0.0703 (13)	0.0135 (12)	0.0287 (13)	0.0276 (12)
C10	0.071 (2)	0.063 (2)	0.078 (2)	0.0115 (15)	0.0308 (18)	0.0157 (18)
C11	0.0616 (18)	0.0584 (17)	0.0533 (16)	-0.0055 (14)	0.0177 (15)	0.0073 (14)
C3	0.0683 (18)	0.066 (2)	0.0439 (16)	-0.0033 (16)	0.0159 (14)	0.0034 (14)
C6	0.0599 (18)	0.0542 (18)	0.0675 (18)	-0.0019 (14)	0.0115 (14)	0.0077 (16)
N2	0.110 (2)	0.0755 (18)	0.0680 (16)	-0.0249 (16)	0.0210 (14)	-0.0018 (14)
C7	0.084 (2)	0.062 (2)	0.093 (2)	-0.0100 (16)	0.0226 (17)	-0.0057 (17)
C9	0.150 (3)	0.072 (2)	0.110 (3)	0.007 (2)	0.061 (2)	0.019 (2)
C16	0.100 (3)	0.088 (2)	0.076 (2)	-0.0078 (18)	0.0265 (18)	-0.0177 (18)
C8	0.137 (3)	0.064 (2)	0.141 (3)	-0.031 (2)	0.058 (3)	-0.008 (2)
C12	0.066 (2)	0.116 (3)	0.088 (2)	0.015 (2)	0.018 (2)	0.0002 (19)
C15	0.162 (4)	0.091 (3)	0.130 (4)	0.003 (3)	0.089 (3)	-0.020 (2)
C14	0.119 (4)	0.101 (3)	0.181 (5)	0.021 (3)	0.098 (4)	0.025 (3)
C13	0.071 (2)	0.144 (4)	0.155 (4)	0.023 (2)	0.036 (3)	0.018 (3)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

O1—C1	1.376 (3)	C6—C7	1.482 (3)
O1—C6	1.381 (3)	С7—С8	1.520 (3)
C1—N1	1.341 (3)	С7—Н7А	0.9700
C1—C2	1.344 (3)	С7—Н7В	0.9700
C5—C6	1.329 (3)	С9—С8	1.512 (4)
C5—C10	1.455 (3)	С9—Н9А	0.9700
C5—C4	1.484 (3)	С9—Н9В	0.9700
C2—C3	1.400 (3)	C16—C15	1.382 (4)
C2—C4	1.514 (3)	С16—Н16	0.9300
N1—H1A	0.8600	C8—H8A	0.9700
N1—H1B	0.8600	C8—H8B	0.9700
C4—C11	1.524 (3)	C12—C13	1.382 (4)
C4—H4	0.9800	C12—H12	0.9300
O2—C10	1.228 (3)	C15—C14	1.344 (5)
C10—C9	1.491 (4)	C15—H15	0.9300
C11—C12	1.370 (3)	C14—C13	1.368 (5)
C11—C16	1.376 (3)	C14—H14	0.9300
C3—N2	1.146 (3)	C13—H13	0.9300
C1—O1—C6	117.64 (19)	C8—C7—H7A	109.6
N1—C1—C2	127.8 (2)	С6—С7—Н7В	109.6
N1—C1—O1	109.9 (2)	С8—С7—Н7В	109.6

C2—C1—O1	122.3 (2)	H7A—C7—H7B	108.1
C6—C5—C10	118.9 (3)	C10—C9—C8	113.3 (3)
C6—C5—C4	122.9 (2)	С10—С9—Н9А	108.9
C10—C5—C4	118.1 (2)	С8—С9—Н9А	108.9
C1—C2—C3	119.2 (2)	С10—С9—Н9В	108.9
C1—C2—C4	122.1 (2)	С8—С9—Н9В	108.9
C3—C2—C4	118.6 (2)	Н9А—С9—Н9В	107.7
C1—N1—H1A	120.0	C11—C16—C15	121.3 (3)
C1—N1—H1B	120.0	C11—C16—H16	119.4
H1A—N1—H1B	120.0	C15-C16-H16	119.4
C5—C4—C2	108.9 (2)	C9—C8—C7	110.8 (3)
C5—C4—C11	112.61 (19)	С9—С8—Н8А	109.5
C2—C4—C11	111.50 (19)	С7—С8—Н8А	109.5
С5—С4—Н4	107.9	С9—С8—Н8В	109.5
C2—C4—H4	107.9	С7—С8—Н8В	109.5
C11—C4—H4	107.9	H8A—C8—H8B	108.1
O2—C10—C5	119.7 (3)	C11—C12—C13	120.6 (3)
O2—C10—C9	122.1 (3)	C11—C12—H12	119.7
C5—C10—C9	118.1 (3)	С13—С12—Н12	119.7
C12—C11—C16	118.1 (3)	C14—C15—C16	119.7 (4)
C12—C11—C4	121.1 (2)	C14—C15—H15	120.2
C16—C11—C4	120.8 (3)	С16—С15—Н15	120.2
N2—C3—C2	178.2 (3)	C15—C14—C13	120.4 (4)
C5—C6—O1	122.9 (2)	C15—C14—H14	119.8
C5—C6—C7	126.4 (2)	C13—C14—H14	119.8
O1—C6—C7	110.7 (2)	C14—C13—C12	119.9 (4)
C6—C7—C8	110.3 (2)	C14—C13—H13	120.0
С6—С7—Н7А	109.6	С12—С13—Н13	120.0

# Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	D—H···A
N1—H1A····N2 <sup>i</sup>	0.86	2.16	3.007 (3)	170.
N1—H1B····O2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.86	2.00	2.848 (2)	169.
$\mathbf{C}_{i}$	-1/2 = 1/2			

Symmetry codes: (i) -x, -y+1, -z+2; (ii) x, -y+2, z+1/2.



